

Technical Assistance Session: Optimizing Client Access to Telehealth

Thursday, November 18th at 5:00pm Eastern

Overview

This session will provide an overview of client access to telehealth. Presenters will identify common barriers to client access, such as client access to the internet/phones, the "digital divide" and tech literacy among key populations, as well as information about how to optimize telehealth implementation for your clients.

Submit questions through the Q&A chat box. Questions will be facilitated at the end of the session.



TeleHealthHIV Overview







HealthHIV.org/TeleHealthHIV



Introductions - Speakers

Brian Wood MD, Medical Director, MW AETC ECHO

Telehealth Program and Associate Professor, Department of Medicine, Division of Allergy & Infectious Diseases

Javeed Siddiqui MD, MPH,

Infectious Diseases, Chief Medical Officer, TeleMed2U



Brian R. Wood, MD

Associate Professor of Medicine, UW & Mountain West AETC Chair, IDSA Telehealth & Emerging Technologies Work Group Co-Chair, UW Digital Health Equity Collaborative Medical Director, UW Project ECHO HIV Telehealth Program





Disclosures

I have no financial disclosures or conflicts of interest.



Benefits of Video Visits Many Advantages and Should Remain an Option

- Reduced risk of exposure to infectious illness
 - Avoid public transportation, waiting rooms, etc.
- Reduced access barriers
 - Transportation challenges
 - Missed work, child, or other family care needs
- Added insights
 - See the home environment
- Overall high patient satisfaction, lower cost to patients*



Vosburg RW et al. Telemed J E Health . 2021 May 17.

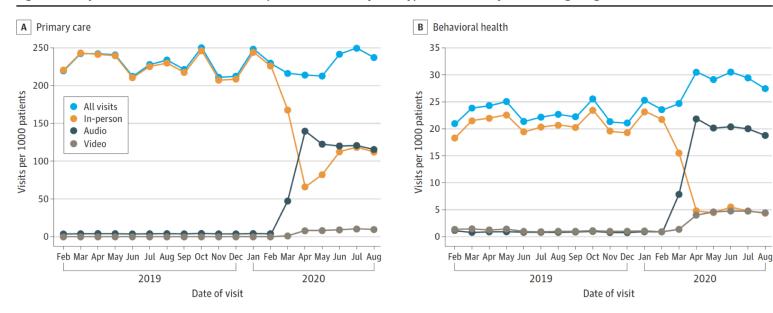
Andrews E. Int J Nurs Stud Adv . 2020 Nov;2:100008.

Nanda M, Sharma R. Telemed J E Health . 2021 March 12.

COVID-19 Healthcare Coalition Telehealth Impact Survey. https://c19hcc.org/telehealth/

Recent Explosion in Video and Audio-Only Phone Visits Data from California Federally Qualified Health Centers

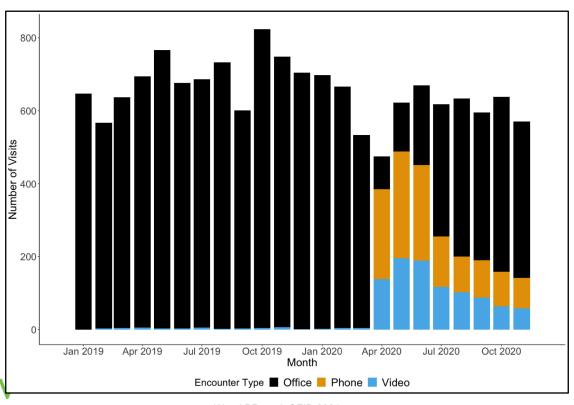
Figure. Primary Care and Behavioral Health Visits per 1000 Patients by Visit Type From February 2019 Through August 2020





Uscher-Pines L et al. JAMA 2021.

Recent Explosion in Video and Audio-Only Phone Visits Data from Seattle's Ryan White HIV Clinic



Wood BR et al. OFID 2021.

TeleHealth**H**

Disparities in Telehealth Access The "Digital Divide"

• <u>Digital Divide</u>: "the gap that exists between individuals who have access to modern information and communication technology and those who lack access"

Network Modeling Analysis in Health Informatics and Bioinformatics https://doi.org/10.1007/s13721-021-00300-y

(2021) 10:26

SHORT COMMUNICATION

Telehealth and the digital divide as a social determinant of health during the COVID-19 pandemic

Camille A. Clare¹

Received: 23 October 2020 / Revised: 5 March 2021 / Accepted: 22 March 2021 © The Author(s), under exclusive licence to Springer-Verlag GmbH Austria, part of Springer Nature 2021



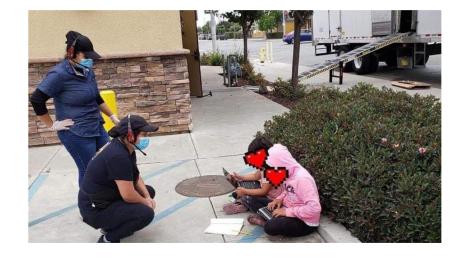
Video Visit Risks The Digital Divide & Other Risks

- Widening of the Digital Divide: gap between individuals who have access to modern information and communication technology and those who lack access
- Exacerbating implicit biases
- Less personal care/less rapport or trust
- Reduced quality of clinical care
 - Limited physical exam
 - Challenge coordinating labs
- Added administrative burden



Video Visit Needs Social Determinants of Digital Health

- Device with sufficient data
- Reliable broadband
- Technical literacy
- Language proficiency
- Privacy
- Social support





Wood BR et al. CID 2020. Image from cnn.com (Aug 2020).

Early Pandemic Telemedicine Uptake Uneven Real World Clinical Data

- UPenn primary care & subspecialty outpatient visits1
 - Less telemed: older, Asian, limited English proficiency (LEP)
 - Less video: older, female, Black, Latinx, lower income
- UPenn Cardiology & GI clinics2,3
 - Phone not video: Black, female, older, lower income, LEP
 - Less online portal use: Black, older
- MGH Cardiology4
 - Less video: older, lower income, public insurance, Black, Latinx



Data from Seattle Ryan White Clinic Factors Associated with Completion of at least 1 Video Visit

Variable	Unadjusted OR	Adjusted OR	Adjusted OR lower Cl	Adjusted OR upper CI	P value
Age, years					
35 to 50	0.89	0.90	0.68	1.19	0.400
50 to 65	0.72	0.75	0.57	0.99	0.025
Above 65	0.56	0.56	0.35	0.88	0.010
Race					
Asian or Pacific Islander	0.70	0.71	0.48	1.03	0.045
Black	0.70	0.81	0.65	0.99	0.018
Other	0.46	0.50	0.23	0.99	0.055
Unknown	1.80	1.71	0.07	44.31	0.690
Patient portal login	2.04	1.80	1.48	2.19	<0.001
Insurance status					
Medicaid	0.65	0.73	0.58	0.91	<0.001
Medicare	0.75	0.92	0.70	1.20	0.410
Self-pay	0.96	1.01	0.69	1.47	0.948

Wood BR et al. OFID 2021.

Risk but also Opportunity: Promote Awareness, **Quantification, & Interventions to Reduce Disparities**

Clinical Infectious Diseases

IDSA FEATURES







Advancing Digital Health Equity: A Policy Paper of the Infectious Diseases Society of America and the HIV

Viewpoint | COVID-19: Beyond Tomorrow

March 26, 2021

ONLINE FIRST FREE

ld J. Vento,⁶ Shireesha Dhanireddy,¹ Kay J. Moyer,^{7,©} Javeed Siddiqui,⁸

Bridging the Digital Divide to Avoid Leaving the HEALTH AFFAIRS BLOG Most Vulnerable Behind

Nicholas W. Eyrich, MS¹; Juan J. Andino, MD, MBA¹; David P. Fessell, MD²

» Author Affiliations | Article Information

JAMA Surg. Published online March 26, 2021. doi:10.1001/jamasurg.2021.1143

RELATED TOPICS:

ACCESS TO CARE | COVID-19 | TELEHEALTH | TECHNOLOGY | INTERNET | PUBLIC HEALTH | PANDEMICS

Ensuring The Growth Of Telehealth During COVID-19 Does Not Exacerbate Disparities In Care

David Velasquez, Ateev Mehrotra

MAY 8, 2020

10.1377/hblog20200505.591306



Wood BR et al. CID 2020. Eyrich NW et al. JAMA Surg 2021. Velasquez D, Mehrotra A. Health Affairs 2020.

Telehealth in 2021 Where Are We Going?

- Advocating for permanent policy changes:
 - Home can be originating site
 - No geographic restrictions
 - Payment parity for video visits
 - Coverage for audio-only visits
 - Treatment across state lines
- Assessing patient preferences and barriers
 - Surveys, focus groups, community input, quantifying uptake and barriers as well as solutions
- Quality improvement interventions to improve access



Opportunities to Advance Digital Health Equity Clinical & QI Interventions

- Standardize telemedicine checklists; test visits beforehand
- Give devices with data plans or hotspots; also headphones
- Telemedicine stations at accessible locations
- Telehealth training kiosks; telehealth interpreters/navigators
- Make sure interpreters (including sign language) integrated
- Instructions in multiple languages; simple platforms (SMS)
- Include telehealth usage/gaps as key performance indicators



	Checklist for Telemedicine Visit	
	Denote patient details and location for visit Name:	Sample telemedicine checklist
	Denote any additional assistance needs (e.g. family memeber, telemedicine navigator, other)	
TeleHealth HIV	Completed By: Date/Time:/	Wood BR et al. CID 2020.

Conclusions Telehealth is Public Health

- As a community, we need to consider telehealth access as a social determinant of health and commit to promoting digital inclusion to mitigate worsening disparities
- It is important to acknowledge and better understand the risks of telehealth, so that together we can turn this era into an opportunity to improve healthcare access
- Closing the digital divide will take collaborative effort between numerous key stakeholders along with policy changes, research, advocacy, and community engagement



Resources

- IDSA Telehealth Resources:
 https://www.idsociety.org/clinical-practice/telehealth/telehealth/
- Center for Care Innovations (CCI)
 Telemedicine Health Equity Toolkit:
 https://www.careinnovations.org/resources/telemedicine-for-health-equity-toolkit/
- UCSF S.O.L.V.E. Health Tech: https://solvehealthtech.ucsf.edu/

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 es/telemedicine-for-health-equity-toolkit/
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Javeed Siddiqui, MD MPH

Infectious Diseases Chief Medical Officer TeleMed2U





Disclosures

- I have NO financial disclosure related to this lecture
- I do make a living practicing medicine
- I believe in telemedicine and teleHealth
- Actively practicing Telemedicine based ID since April 2002







TeleMedicine In The Age of SARS-CoV-2



HR 6074 and CMS Public Health Emergency

CMS Regulatory and Legislative Efforts in response to the Global Pandemic



Utilize Telemedicine to Mitigate the Exposure of Patients and Healthcare Workers to COVID-191

Many Telemedicine Requirements Have Been Lifted

Restrictions

- Emergency funding legislation HB 6074 waived many of the long-standing restrictions to the use of telehealth for Medicare recipients, including
 - Rural area requirements for originating sites (ie, patient location)
 - Allowing phones with 2-way, real-time interactive audio and visual capabilities to be used
 - Allowing the provider to conduct a telemedicine encounter from his/her home
- CMS has temporarily waived the Medicare and Medicaid requirements that physicians and nonphysician practitioners be licensed in the state where they are providing services²
- Issues regarding crossing state lines are potentially waived; see local regulations

Penalties

• The U.S. Department of Health & Human Services Office for Civil Rights announced that it would not impose penalties for the good faith provision of telemedicine during the COVID-19 public health emergency, even if remote communication technologies used for such services may not fully comply with the requirements of the HIPAA rules

Reimbursement

- Medicare will reimburse telephone and telemedicine visits for both new and established patients
- Providers can bill for telemedicine visits at the same rate as in-person visits

HIPAA=Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.

AASLD.org, https://www.aasld.org/sites/default/files/2020-05/AASLD-COVID19-Clinicalinsights-May/142020-FINAL-v2.pdf. Accessed May 21, 2020. 2. CMS.gov. https://www.orms.gov/newsroom/fact-sheets/medicare-telemedicine-health-care-provider-fact-sheet. Accessed May 30, 2020.

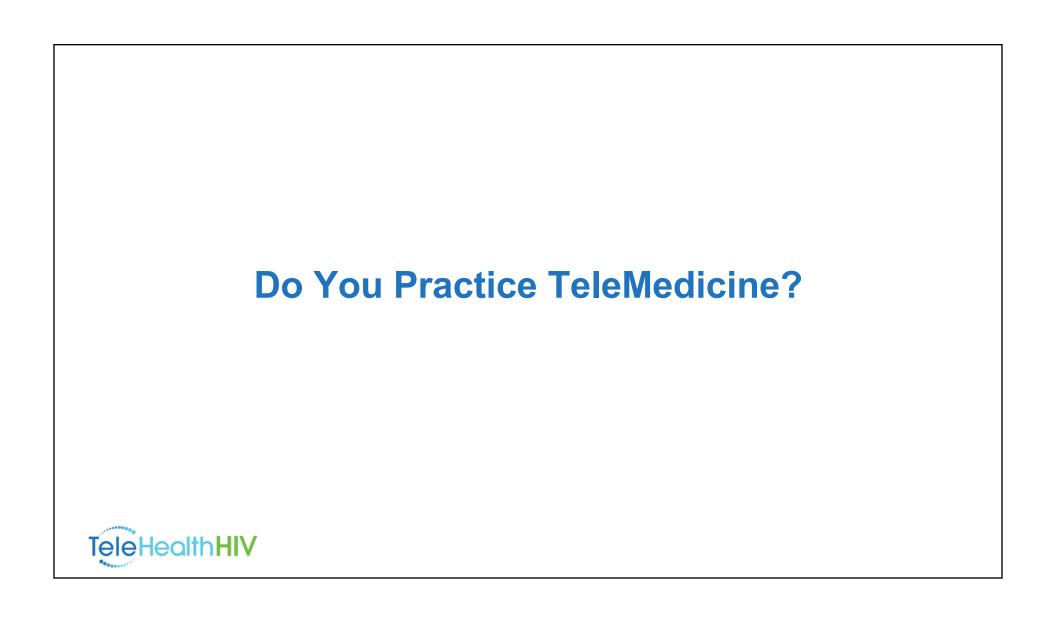


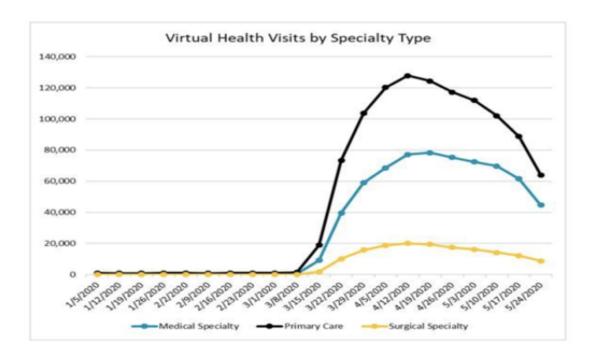
CMS emergency provision **COVID-**19 Public Health Emergency

Home as an originating site of care

Suspended the Metropolitan Service Area exclusion rule

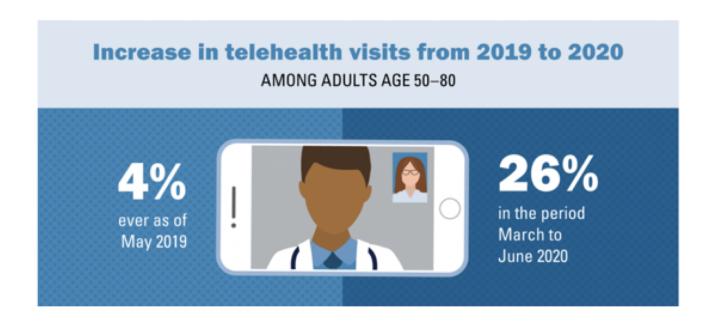






Virtual visits to ambulatory settings hit record usage during the first wave of the COVID-19 pandemic, increasing 149X in aggregate between March and May, compared to the prior nine-month, pre-pandemic weekly average.





One in four older Americans had a virtual medical visit in the first three months of the COVID-19 pandemic, most of them by video, a <u>new</u> <u>telehealth poll finds</u>.



https://www.healthyagingpoll.org/report/telehealth-use-among-older-adults-and-during-covid-19

TeleMedicine

Basics



Technology

- Out-Patient / In-Patient
- HiTECH / HIPAA compliant
- Hardware requirements
- Compatibility
- Easy of Use
- Home based or Clinic based Telemedicine
- Interoperability
- Cost Model



Hardware

- Computer
- Smart Phone
- Tablet
- iOS / Windows / Android
- Headphones



Broadband

- The term broadband commonly refers to high-speed Internet access that is always on and faster than the traditional internet service.
- **Broadband** includes several high-speed transmission technologies such as: Digital Subscriber Line (DSL) Cable Modem and Fiber.
- Frames per Second:
- HD = 24 FPS
- 16-20 FPS can have a characteristic "jerky" appearance.



Privacy

- Key Issue for health care
- Especially important in Infectious Diseases HIV, Hepatitis C, etc
- Home based TeleMedicine
- Patients who need WiFi



Privacy





Our Patients





Digital Literacy: Providers

- Training
- What types of patients are you seeing?
- EMR Access
- Hardware
- Broadband
- Headphones
- Camera
- Lighting
- Microphone
- Digital Presence



Digital Literacy: Providers





Digital Presence:

- Lighting background
 - > Audio
 - > Avoid windows
- > Patterns in clothing
- > Comfort level with the medium









Digital Literacy: Providers





Digital Literacy: Patients

- Training
- Where is patient been seen: Home / Clinic
- Hardware
- Broadband
- Headphones
- Camera
- Lighting
- Microphone
- Digital Presence



Building Rapport

- If you are not comfortable that will show on screen
- If you are not comfortable, the patient will not be comfortable
- Take time to address patient questions and concerns
- Common Questions:
 - Is this being recorded
 - Can anyone else hear me
 - Is there anyone else in the room

- At the end of the visit ask the patient what their experience was like
- "Would like to see me through telemedicine again?"
- Explain your new practice paradigm



How Often To See the Patients

- Individual decision
- Practice structure
- Examples:
 - Reviewing laboratory data
 - Follow up on specific issues or treatment
 - Triage



At Home In a Clinic Equipment

The Telemedicine Musculoskeletal Examination Edward R. Laskowski, MD et.AL

Mayo Clin Proc. n August 2020;95(8):1715-1731 n https://doi.org/10.1016/j.mayocp.2020.05.026



Hospital Based

- Equipment: Digital Statoscope
- 20 40X optical zoom
- Hand-Held ultrasounds
- Physician extenders





Clinic Based

- Equipment: Digital Statoscope
- 20 X optical zoom
- Dermatoscope
- Physician extenders

Telemedicine Resources

CMS Telemedicine Health Care Provider Fact Sheet¹

 Key takeaways on Medicare telehealth visits, virtual check-ins, and e-visits

CMS Telehealth Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)³

 Answers to frequently asked questions on Medicare telehealth during the COVID-19 pandemic

CMS General Provider Telehealth and Telemedicine Tool Kit²

 Helpful information for implementation of telehealth practice

AMA Quick Guide to Telemedicine in Practice⁴

 Steps for expediting the implementation of telemedicine

Patient Resources: CDC COVID-19 Communication Resources website



The CDC website provides free patient communication resources (including videos, fact sheets, and posters) in both English and Spanish

AMA-American Medical Association.

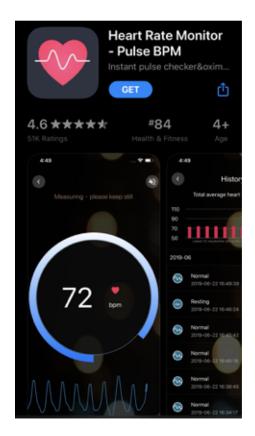
1.0% gas, https://www.cms.gos/hewscom/fact-shedul-relations-belief-shedul-rela



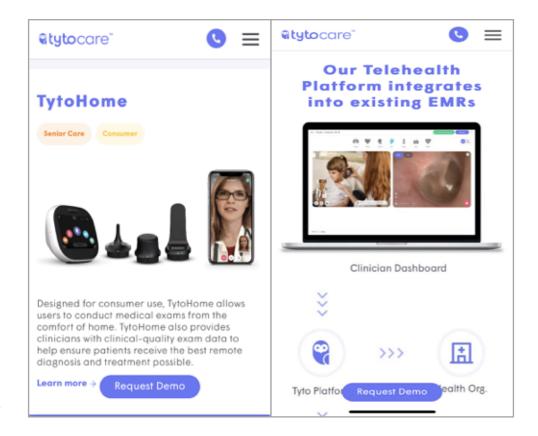
Home Based

- Equipment: Limited to None
- Temperature / BP / HR
- Inspection

















TeleMedicine WorkFlow

Contact Patient

Schedule Patient

TeleMedicine Appointment



TeleMedicine WorkFlow









Next Phase of Clinical Practice





TeleHealthHIV Program Updates

Webinar #2: "Lessons Learned and the Future of HIV Telehealth in 2022"

- Tuesday, December 7th, 1pm 2pm ET
- Speakers:
 - o Nicki Perisho, BSN, RN, Northwest Regional Telehealth Resource Center
 - o Reetu Grewal, MD, UF Health Family Medicine and Pediatrics Baymeadows
- Register in advance for this webinar:
 https://event.on24.com/wcc/r/3517927/971875264908C2EA6B3A2608A1D53BD9

TA Session #3: "Optimizing the HIV Client's Telehealth Experience"

- Thursday, December 16th, 3:30pm 4:30pm ET
- Speakers:
 - Dima Dandachi, MD, MPH, Medical Director of the HIV/AIDS Program, University of Missouri Health
 Care
 - o Aleeshba Basil, Telehealth Navigator, University of Florida Jacksonville
- Register in advance for this meeting:
 https://us02web.zoom.us/meeting/register/tZYqf-6sqDqvG9RD2s2yq2eluT3FDLqr8LbR

